Name: Naseeb	Singh Subject: Human Geography
Class: B.A II se	Session:2023-24
August	 Definition, nature and scope of human geography. Development of human geography approaches to study human geography, branches and relation with other social sciences.
September	 Human race: Meaning, classification of races and their global diffusion and distribution. 4.Religion: Meaning, nature and classification. Evolution and global distribution of major religions in the world.
October	 5. Organization of space: central place theory, agricultural location model and industrial location model. 6. Distribution, density and growth of population: Determinants and world pattern.
November	 7. World pattern of development: economy and polity 8. World pattern of migration: streams and determinants

.

Name: Naseeb Singh Class: B.A.4 ^m sem		Subject: Human Geography
		Session:2023-24
January	to the study of Humar 2. Division of Manking	of Human Geography, Branches of Human Geography, Approaches o Geography. d: Spatial distribution of race and tribes of India; concept of tion: A historical approach
February	Bushman (iii) Plateau - 4. Meaning, nature and and non- renewable : t	o the environment (i) Cold region – Eskimo (ii) Hot region- - Gonds (iv) Mountains – Gujjars d components of resources; Classification of resources – renewal biotic and aboitic, recyclable and non recyclable. Distribution, ation of biotic (flora and fauna) and aboitic (water, minerals and
March	mortality patterns.	isity of world population, population growth, fertility and er and optimum population; Population theories: Malthus,
April	classification and functio 8. Population pressure, r	raning, classification and types. Urban settlements: Origin, ons of towns. resource use and environment degradation; sustainable i deforestation, soil erosion, air and water pollution.

Name Nase	eb Singh Subject: Physical Geography
Class: B.A.G	Setsion 2023-24
January	 Introduction to Aerial Photographs: their advantages and types. Elements of aerial Photo interpretation.
February	 Introduction to Remote Sensing; Electromagnetic spectrum, stages in remote sensing type of satellites. Types of Imageries and their application in various fields such as agriculture, environment and resource mapping.
March	 5. Introduction to Geographical Information System: Definition, purpose, advantages and software and hardware requirements. 6. Application of GIS in various fields of geography.
April	 Measure of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode. Measure of Dispersion: Range, Quartile deviation and Mean deviation, Standard deviation, Coefficient of variation

Name: Naseet	Name: Naseeb Singh Subject: Physical Geography		
Class: B.A 1"	sem Session:2023-24		
August	Interior of the earth, geological time scale, rocks and their types. Theory of isostasy, continental drift and plate tectonic; earthquakes and volcanoes.		
September	Degradational processes: weathering, mass wasting and resultant landforms.Landforms generated by following geomorphic agents: river, under- ground water, wind and glacier.		
October	Weather and climate: Atmosphere-composition and structure. Atmospheric temperature, pressure and moisture: measurement and distribution.		
November	Surface configuration of ocean floors: surface relief of the Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Ocean. Circulation of oceanic waters: current of the Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Ocean.		

Name: Nase	eb Singh
Class: B.A 3	Subject: Physical Geography
Cluss. D.A.S	Session:2023-24
August	Weather and Climate; Origin, composition and structure of atmosphere.Insolation, Global heat budget, Horizontal and vertical distribution of temperature, inversion of temperature.
September	Atmospheric pressure- measurement and distribution, pressure belts, planetary winds, Monsoon, Jet Streams EL NINO- La Nina Phenomenon and Local winds.Humidity- measurement and variables, evaporation, condensation, precipitation forms and types and distribution, hydrological cycle.
October	Air masses- concept and classification; Fronts- type and characteristics, Weather disturbances- tropical and extra-tropical cyclones.Climate classification by Koppen; climatic change and global warming.
ovember	Configuration of oceanic floors and surface relief of Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Oceans; temperature and salinity of oceans.Tides, waves and oceanic currents; circulation in Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Oceans; Oceanic resources.

.

Name: Naseeb	SinghS Subject: Economic Geography
Class: B.A 5" s	
August	Nature, scope and relationship of economic geography with economics and other branches of social sciences. Classification of economic activities and their impact on environment.
September	World natural resources: Types, bases and classification. Conservation and utilization of natural resources.
October	Spatial distribution of food (rice and wheat), commercial (cotton and sugarcane) and plantation crops (tea, rubber and coffee). Classification of mineral resources (ferrous and non-ferrous), distribution and production of coal, iron ore, petroleum and natural gas.
November	Classification of industries, world distribution and production of iron and steel and textile industry, major industrial complexes of the world. 8. Transport, communication and trade: geographical factors in their development, major modes of water, land and air transport, recent trends in international trade.